



Registered Charity: 1117982

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY AND PROCEDURE

The Shoreham and Southwick u3a identifies, analyses and controls risks in accordance with guidance from the Third Age Trust set out below.

RISK MANAGEMENT GUIDANCE FOR COMMITTEES

Category: Committee Procedures and Guidance

1. Purpose

To support u3a committees in identifying governance and operational risks, and to mitigate these risks.

2. Scope

Relevant to all u3a committee members.

3. Introduction

Risk management is the process of identifying, evaluating, and controlling risks, and is an important part of future-proofing your u3a. Anything that could potentially stop your u3a from achieving its aims should be seen as a risk. Identifying and understanding these risks will help you put the right measures in place to prevent them from happening. The aim is not to eliminate all risks entirely (this would be very difficult and not cost effective), but rather to reduce the risk to a level that your u3a is comfortable with.

4. Identifying the risks

The first step is to identify possible risks in the different areas of your u3a. The Charity Commission suggest (CC26) that you review risk under the following headings as a framework:

- **Governance risk**: In order to run your u3a, the committee should have the right skills for the role (either through prior experience or developed through mentorship and training with previous members in the role). Without a skilled committee (or a committee willing to learn), your u3a is at risk. This includes understanding trustee responsibility.
- **Financial risk:** This may have an impact on your ability to achieve your financial obligations. These risks include the risk of fraud through transferring physical cash to a bank account, or theft.

- External risk: This includes the reputation of your u3a, and any threat to the name or standing of your u3a (and the wider movement's reputation). It may be caused by your members (past and present), or committee members. Changes to government policy may also impact your u3a's ability to operate successfully.
- Operational risk: This is a threat to your u3a caused by a breakdown in internal procedures. This risk may come from your committee not having the policies and procedures in place to run the u3a effectively.
- Regulatory and compliance risk: This refers to the risk of failing to comply with legislation. Following the u3a guidance and advice documents on the national website will help compliance with reporting rules and charity legislation can help prevent your u3a from falling foul of regulations (and reputational damage).

5. How to analyse risk

Once a risk has been identified, it is important to assess the likelihood of the risk occurring, and the impact it would have on your u3a if it did occur. Thinking about this together as a committee is a valuable exercise.

You should consider all the possible implications of the risk, some of which might not be obvious. For example, you may have a new Chair on the board that does not have experience as a Chair. There is a moderately high likelihood of this happening, and the impact on the u3a could be moderate. In order to mitigate this risk, the board can ensure all new trustees are fully inducted and offer their support when required.

6. Rating risks

It can be useful to give each of the risks your charity faces a score on a) the likelihood of it happening and b) the impact it would have if it did. For example, you could have a scale from 1-5 for likelihood, where 1 is the likelihood is rare, and 5 is where the likelihood of the risk occurring is certain. You could also have a scale from 1-5 for impact, where 1 is where the impact is insignificant, and 5 is where the impact is major (see Appendix 1 for an example scale).

You should calculate the initial risk score of each risk by multiplying the likelihood score by the impact score. For example, a risk with a likelihood of 2 and an impact of 3 would have a score of 6 (2 x 3). The risk score informs you of how urgent the risk is, as well as how much a priority it is – the higher the score, the higher the priority to address.

7. Reducing and controlling risks

The initial score is the level of risk before any mitigation action. Working together as a committee the idea to lower the level of each risk to one your u3a is happy with.

It can help to think about all the controls your u3a has in place to reduce the likelihood or impact of a risk. For example, if the risk is fraud, the controls are likely to focus on measure to decrease this risk, such as reviewing your financial policy, always having dual signatories, etc (please refer to our finance guidance on our website).

Once you've listed all the mitigation actions that you have in place for a risk, you can rescore its likelihood and impact to get a residual risk score to ensure that the mitigations are going to be effective in lowering this risk to an acceptable level.

8. Monitoring risks regularly

Risks change over time and committees are recommended to hold regular risk management meetings to check how well your u3a is dealing with them (at least once a

year). These meetings can help you monitor whether the controls you have in place are still necessary and if there are any new risks to deal with.

9. Risk Assessments

It is helpful to develop specific risk assessments for individual risks related to group activities, to evidence that activities are safe to participate in – templates are available on the national website under Support for u3as.

10. Appendix

Appendix 1: Risk scores

Description	Score	Example
Remote	1	Only occurs exceptional circumstances
Unlikely	2	Occurs in a few circumstances
Possible	3	Occurs in some circumstances
Probable	4	Occurs in many circumstances
Highly probably	5	Occurs frequently and in most circumstances

Description	Score	Example
Insignificant	1	Not dangerous or damaging to u3a's operations and/or reputation, or damage is negligible
Minor	2	Unlikely to be dangerous or damaging to u3a's operations and/or reputation
Moderate	3	Somewhat dangerous or damaging to u3a's operations and/or reputation
Major	4	Mostly dangerous or damaging to u3a's operations and/or reputation
Extreme/	5	Very dangerous or damaging to the u3a's operations and/or reputation

RISK ASSESSMENT CHECKLISTS

There are a number of risk assessment checklists on the u3a website including:

Day trip risk assessment checklist

Holiday travel risk assessment checklist

Home based risk assessment checklist

Online based risk assessment checklist

Outdoor sporting risk assessment checklist

Personal member risk assessment checklist

Venue based risk assessment checklist

Walker leader risk assessment checklist

Workshop activity risk assessment checklist

Risk Assessment FAQs

1. Why do I need to complete a risk assessment?

Risk Assessments are associated with the Health and Safety at Work Act 1974. While this does not apply to u3as as members are not at work, the insurance company expect u3as to take reasonable precautions through risk assessment checklists, and they use these as a basis of any claims made. If a member were injured, our insurance provider would ask for the completed risk assessment to be able to prove how the risk was identified. All groups should complete risk assessments to protect themselves. This is covered in our Insurance FAQs. For most activities, a checklist is sufficient. The more hazardous the activity, the more comprehensive the risk assessment checklist should be. the Trust has provided model risk assessment checklists for different kinds of low risk activities which u3as can adapt to their particular situations.

2. How often do I need to complete a risk assessment?

Best practice is to complete the appropriate risk assessment checklist at the beginning of each u3a activity, if there are any changes. However, we recognise this may not always be possible. At the very minimum, you should be completing or updating the appropriate risk assessment checklist in the following circumstances:

Home - based risk assessment checklist:

- Before the activity takes place in a member's home for the first time.
- If the activity moves to another member's home.
- If the member's home changes in a significant way that would impact the u3a activity taking place or other member's access (e.g., the addition of outdoor steps, building work).
- If any additional hazards or considerations have been identified since completing the last checklist (e.g., a new pet).

Venue – based risk assessment checklist:

- Before the activity takes place in the venue for the first time.
- If the activity takes place in a new venue.
- If the venue changes in a significant way that would impact the u3a activity, accessibility, or member safety (e.g., building work, a newly blocked off exit).
- If any additional hazards have been identified since completing the last checklist (e.g., new equipment.)

Online - based risk assessment checklist:

• Before each online activity with a new group and/or new host.

Day trip risk assessment checklist

· Before every day trip.

Registered Charity: 288007 | Limited Company: 1759471 | Website: www.u3a.org.uk **Holiday travel risk assessment checklist**

Before every holiday.

Outdoor sporting activity risk assessment checklist

- Before the activity takes place for the first time.
- If the venue or sporting area changes.
- if the group leader changes.
- if there are new members.
- if there are additional hazards that are identified since the last risk assessment checklist was completed.

Walk leader risk assessment checklist

- Before the activity takes place for the first time.
- If the route is different or new.
- If the group leader changes.
- If new members join the group.
- If additional hazards are identified since the last risk assessment was completed.

Personal member risk assessment

- If the member considers themselves to be vulnerable or requires adjustments to be made so they can participate in u3a activities.
- If a member considers their needs to have changed since completing the last personal member risk assessment.
- If a member wants to consider the risk to themselves for taking part in any u3a activity or event.

3. How long do we need to store each risk assessment checklist?

You should store each risk assessment for up to three years as this is the timeframe in which a claim can be made.

4. Do I need the day trip or holiday travel risk assessment checklist?

If your trip is over 24 hours and/or includes an overnight stay, then you should use the holiday travel risk assessment.

Version	Description of changes	Date of change
1.0	Original document	12/12/2023